

October 18, 2021

The Honorable Susan Collins United State Senate 413 Dirksen Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

The Honorable Paul Tonko United States House of Representatives 2369 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515 The Honorable Tina Smith United States Senate 720 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

The Honorable Bill Huizenga United States House of Representatives 2232 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Senators Collins and Smith and Representatives Tonko and Huizenga:

The Mental Health Liaison Group (MHLG)— a coalition of national organizations representing consumers, family members, mental health and addiction providers, advocates and other stakeholders committed to strengthening Americans' access to mental health and addiction care— is writing to express our strong support for the Medicare Mental Health Inpatient Equity Act. This critical legislation eliminates the discrimination against mental illnesses that continues to exist in the Medicare program as Medicare beneficiaries are limited to 190days of inpatient psychiatric hospital care during their lifetime. This lifetime limit does not apply to psychiatric units in general hospitals and there is no such lifetime limit for any other Medicare specialty inpatient hospital service.

Through passage of landmark legislation, the Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, Congress put coverage for mental health and substance use disorders on par with other medical disorders. Also, that year, Congress enacted legislation to equalize the Medicare outpatient coinsurance for mental and physical health. Despite this progress, discrimination against Medicare patients with mental health disorders who require ongoing psychiatric treatment and hospitalizations, when in crisis, continues to exist.

The Medicare Payment Advisory Commission reported that most Medicare beneficiaries treated in inpatient psychiatric facilities qualify for Medicare because of disability, hence they tend to be younger and poorer that the typical Medicare beneficiary. These Medicare beneficiaries live with serious mental illnesses (such as schizophrenia and bipolar disorder) and who are living with these disorders from a relatively young age. These illnesses are chronic and will require ongoing treatment and care over their lifetimes, including hospitalization when in crisis.

The elimination of the 190-day limit will equalize Medicare mental health coverage with private health insurance coverage, increase access for the most seriously ill, improve continuity of care and create a more cost-effective Medicare program.

The MHLG applauds your bipartisan leadership and looks forward to working with you and your staff to enact this important legislation.

Sincerely,

2020 Mom

American Art Therapy Association

American Association for Marriage and Family Therapy

American Association for Psychoanalysis in Clinical Social Work

American Association of Child & Adolescent Psychiatry

American Association of Suicidology

American Association on Health and Disability

American Counseling Association

American Dance Therapy Association

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

American Group Psychotherapy Association

American Mental Health Counselors Association

American Nurses Association

American Psychiatric Association

American Psychoanalytic Association

American Psychological Association

American Society of Addiction Medicine

Anxiety and Depression Association of America

Association for Ambulatory Behavioral Healthcare

Association for Behavioral and Cognitive Therapies

Centerstone

Children and Adults with Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

Clinical Social Work Association

Confederation of Independent Psychoanalytic Societies

Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance

Eating Disorders Coalition

Global Alliance for Behavioral Health and Social Justice

International Certification & Reciprocity Consortium

International OCD Foundation

International Society for Psychiatric Mental Health Nurses

The Kennedy Forum

Maternal Mental Health Leadership Alliance

Mental Health America

NAADAC, the Association for Addiction Professionals

National Alliance on Mental Illness

National Alliance to Advance Adolescent Health

National Association for Behavioral Healthcare

National Association for Children's Behavioral Health

National Association for Rural Mental Health

National Association of County Behavioral Health and Developmental Disability Directors

National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners

National Association of Social Workers

National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors (NASADAD)

National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors

National Board for Certified Counselors

National Council for Mental Wellbeing

National Disability Rights Network

National Federation of Families

National League for Nurses

National Register of Health Service Psychologists

NHMH- No Health without Mental Health

Psychotherapy Action Network

Residential Eating Disorders Consortium

Schizophrenia & Psychosis Action Alliance

Treatment Communities of America

Vibrant Emotional Health

Well Being Trust